C. C. C.	CLASSIFICATION FIRST CONTROL/US OF ICIALS ONLY
	REPORT NO. 25X1A 25X1A
TOFIC	Langer of War in the Balkana 9
	25.14
EVALUATION	
DATE OF C	ONT
DATE OBTA	
	12 September of the Contract o
	3 ENCLOSURES (NO. 8 TYPE)
REMARKS.	
EU ARASIAN PARA SANTAN	
C. C. T. T. T. S. C.	
eraminer i Statistica, prijaticas, et a anteriora, et estate de estate de estate de estate de estate de estate	THE OPEN AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE OPEN AND ADDRESS OF THE STATE OF THE OPEN AND ADDRESS OF THE OPEN ADD
SOURCE	The situation in the Balkans deserves the greatest oftention.
2.	The struggle between ATTO and the Scientism and Coveraged Little a dangerous conflict between MOSCOW and Balemade. Though diplematic relations between the two countries are continued TITO has been publicly defamed as an "enemy of the SU" and the people of Mugoslavia have been directly collect upon to overthroughe TITO-regime. The last Soviet note to Augustavia of 18 August 1949 on the agreet of Soviet citizens was worked in such a threatening tone that the question arises as to whether there is danger of war. What does MOSCOW intend by officially declaring that the TITO-government consists of lunctude fascists and by announcing that, if necessary, it will take other and more effective measures to halt the brutch mistreatment of Soviet citizens in Mugoslavia?  This threatening language by MOSCOW made TITO give in and release, on August 25, the EL arrested Soviet citizens. Whe appressed are old-time buscles emigrants, former members of the so-called white-Russian Grangel Amy who fled to Turnshoria after the buscledows of the agreeigh and pounter revolution in 1980. They had
·	at first been statches but became coviet called a fer, in the opinion of MOSCOW, they had atomed for their past clus by a loyal attitude towards the Soviet Regime. TITO accompanied the release with the declaration that Yugaslavia is an independent state which would not telerate any interference with its internal affairs.
3.	It is to be concluded that TITO will not go to the utmost and that he will not give the SU a protext for stronger measures. On the other hand the Soviets are, in principle, not favorable to a war with its uncertain outcome. They prefer subversive activities which, in the past, gave them best results. All endeavors to overthrow TITO from within or by conomic pressurs have failed so far. MOSCOW is, however, firmly resolved to get rid of the "TITO-Clique". Time is important. The economic aid which TITO receives from the West as a result of the treaties concluded with various countries and the deliar loan which is to
	be expected will increase the commic strongth of Yugoslavia and the authority of TITO in his own country and make TITO still
Document 1	and the outhority of TITO in his own country and muse TITO SULLI

25X1A

more solf-desured. As a result overthrowing his regime will become more and more difficult.

- 4. With the Canger of war at hand there is still the question of whother the SU herself will take action or whother she will encourage the neighbors of Yujoslavia to take the decisive steps. In the latter case it is certain that the SU would give these countries all the help compatible with her position as a non-belli erent state. In pushing Yujoslavia's neighboring states 10500k would start with the expectation that the war could be localized as there is always the danger of a world conflict if a great power directly interferes. The accusation, recently published by TASS, that TITO is daily provoking border incidents is an old method to create a war psychosis.
- 5. The recall of havidathly, Soviet Ambassador to SELGRADE, and his appointment as Deputy Foreign Hinister also had a disquieting effect, netwithstanding the Soviet assertion that a new ambassador would soon be appointed. The fact that a personality so familiar with the balkans was appointed deputy foreign minister of the SU is significant of the whole situation.
- The victory of the government troops over the revels in Orecce is actually a defeat of COSCON which has indirectly supported the revels via the northern nei hborin states of droces. That Yu calavia no leager participates in this support has essential. ly contributed to the victory of the national (Greek) troops. The redels now get their belp chiefly from Albania, and the excoedingly threstoning len mage by the Grock proces makes the danger of war appear possible. Illitary action by Groces assinst Albania would, however, require that the USA not hinder such a asseure and that Yu oslavia participate in the action. A conjon action by Vuroslavia and Greece a minet Albania would be quickly fatal to Albania. It must be doubted whether TITO would be willing to do it. The reason for his refusel would be his fear that the SU would take such a measure as an opportunity for mobilizing the neighbors of Yuposlavia against this country. A direct arms intersection of the Soviet army on the side of the Albanian army is hardly to be expected, particularly as the action might be terminated so quickly that help would come too late. Also Albania is the sole "Satellite State" whithout an assistance treaty with -0800W. On the other side, the danger of loging Albania, which would push the SU away from the adriatio See and the lediterranian, would also have the effect on MOSCOW of acceleration the "solution" of the Yunoslavian question.
- 7. There is no evidence that WIFO approaches the week government. Yugoslavia has only a charge d'affaires in Afrikas. However, the press coment of that after a long time the lucoslavia representative reachily had an official conventation in the Greek Ministry of Foreign Affairs. This does not mean much. TIFO keeps referring to the Greek overnment twoops as consider the faccists. In a recent speech at SKOPLIE, capital of lucoslav faccionia, is intention to establish a Greater faccionia independent to the cominform and for this purpose to wather the faced chians among the Greek rebels under his own flor, might considerably hinder a political approach to Greece.
- 8. MOSCOL's threat to make difficulties for Mugoslavia by a Macedonian reballion has not been carried into effect. Bulgaria was to take the lead in this rebollion, but even the Eulgarian Communist leaders seem to have followed these MOSCOW plans

CONTROL NAME OF U.C. LAIS ONLY

25X1A

reluctantly. Whatever fareroaching proparations they may have made for this purpose, 05000 and the Cominform do not seem inclined to run this risk. The belantian Communists/The Brook revels have also apparently objected to this plan, as it would be proceed that would have to cade important and large areas to the new state of Presier pacedonia.

- 9. The has made a countert runt a ainst the threat of the Massochian rebellion. In his speech at SACPLIE, he growsed Albenia and bulgaria his help if they would shake off the Cominform yeks. This is an open challenge to rescon. It leads to the conclusion that TITO is awars of atrong political trends in these states which spreade for liberation from the WOSCOW tubelage. A clover and realistic politician, TITO yould hardly have spoken those weighty and dangerous words if he had not been show of a successful reaction eigher at present or in the near future.
- 10. The first sembersetion of CSION against this challenge may have been the reshuffling of the fulgarian cabinet. It is thus that KOLAROFF, whose requiration is that of a mederate man, succeeded officially to DA ITHOFF as after the dismission of 10570FF be was, the man in Bullgaria with the big est authority among the communist headers. His power was reduced as he was taken from the Anistry of Foreign Affeirs, which position was given to POPTOHOFF the scenes to be a coming man. A macedomian by birth, Scenetary-Consent of the deficial party paper, POPTOMOFF is the man to have the aromain's conficial party paper, POPTOMOFF is the man to have the aromain's conficial party paper, POPTOMOFF is the man to have the aromain's conficience. ACSOOF expects him to resist the allurements by TIFO and to follow a positical line accordance to the orders of the Amondia.

SECULT CONTROL/US OF ICIALS ONLY